Rinehart Wealth Management

Third Quarter 2011 Economic Overview

Daniele M. Donahoe CFA, Chief Investment Officer Mary C. Rinehart CFP®, CEO & Portfolio Manager Treven L. Ayers CFS, CFP®, Portfolio Manager Michael Elliott Van Ness, Senior Research Associate

Everything discussed in this webinar represents the opinions of Rinehart Wealth Management, and should not be construed as a suggestion to buy or sell any specific investment.

Please consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions to ensure they are appropriate for your particular financial and personal circumstances.

Rinehart Wealth Management
Greater Trust

Positive Market Indications

• Significant Cash is on the Sidelines

✓ Repatriation of foreign cash could serve as a catalyst

• Valuations are Attractive

- ✓ At 12.4x trailing earnings, the PE Multiple on the S&P 500 is approaching the average multiple in the '80s
- ✓ Patient equity investors could experience nice returns from current levels

• Commodity Costs are Falling, Consumer Balance Sheet is Improving

✓ Gas prices have fallen by nearly 24 cents in just four weeks and are at their lowest level since the end of February (Source: Nomura Global Economics Research, Oct. 4th, 2011)



Overweight Large Cap, Multinational Equities

✓ Screen for companies likely to grow dividends, not already paying a high yield

Maintain sufficient exposure to Equities

✓ Equities should outperform fixed income over a long-term investment horizon



Overweight Equities

✓ Lower costs and improving consumer balance sheets could provide tailwind for spending in 4Q

Negative Market Indications

• Interest Rates are Abnormally Low

✓ Short-term, high-quality debt instruments appear overvalued



Underweight Fixed Income Overweight Hybrids

✓ Expectation that rates will move higher eventually

Political Gridlock Hampering Fiscal Policy

- ✓ Monetary Policy appears increasingly less effective
- ✓ Negative initial reaction to "Operation Twist"



Overweight High-Quality Equities & Hybrids

✓ High-quality tends to outperform in times of uncertainty

• Consumer Data is Mixed; Deleveraging Continues

✓ Government benefits are still a large percentage of personal income



Underweight Risky Assets

✓ Small Cap, hyper-cyclicals, low-quality, highly-levered and high-beta

• Mature Business Cycle and High Debt Levels

✓ Expect turbulence around Super Committee deadline, November 18th

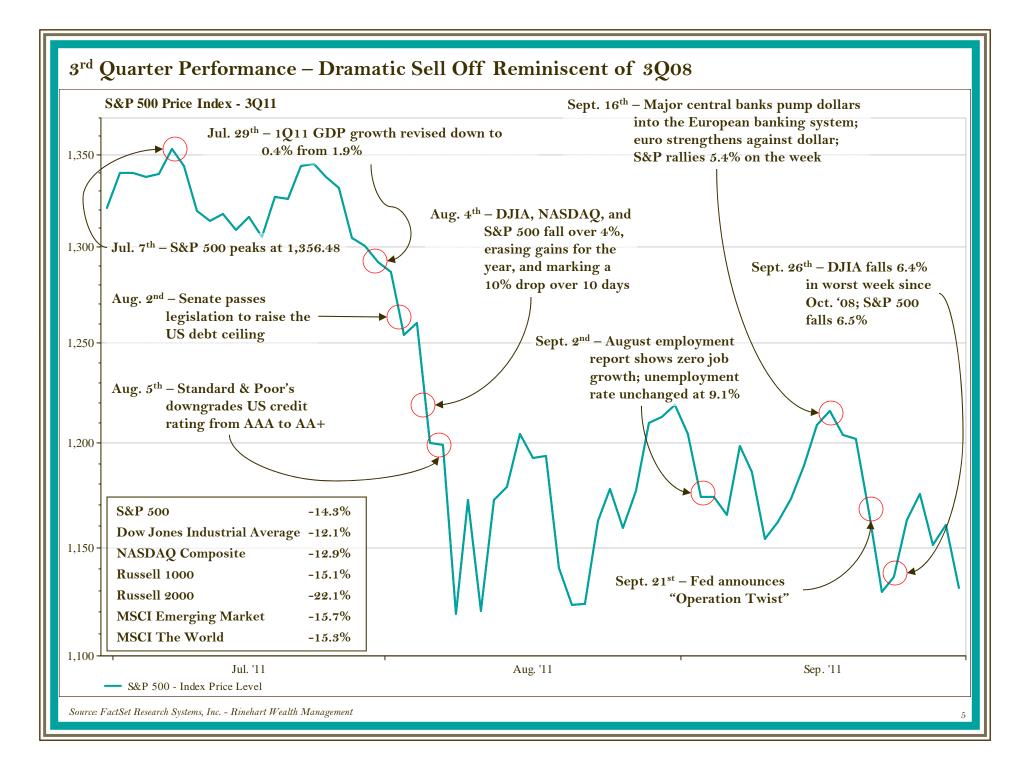


Underweight Risky Assets

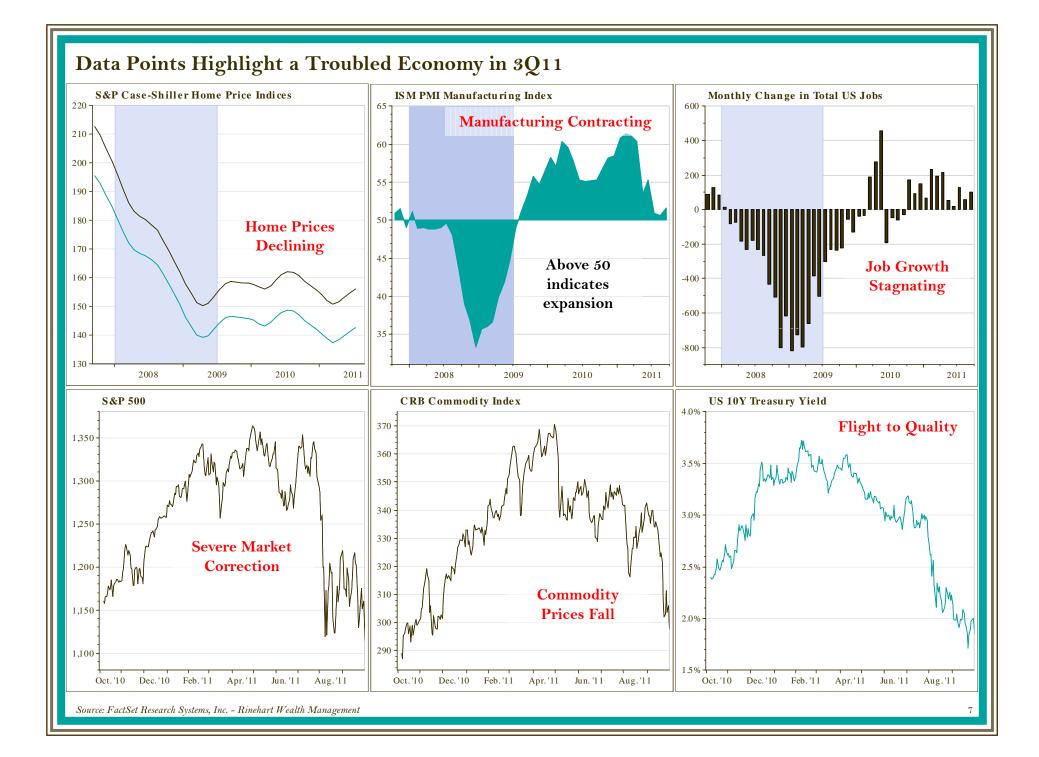
✓ Too late in the economic cycle for low-quality and high-beta

Equity Market Could Rally in 4Q Given Oversold Conditions and Attractive Valuations

Asset Class	Investment Opinion
Cash	Underweight: We recommend a small cash balance for distributions, fees, and opportunistic buying. Cash yields are negligible, we recommend keeping cash at a low level.
Fixed Income	Underweight: We recommend a core weighting in Fixed Income to dampen volatility; however, we are underweight this asset class relative to Equities. Yields are unsustainably low and should creep due to inflation. As bond yields creep up, bond portfolios will suffer. To help combat bond portfolio erosion, we recommend actively managed products, international bond exposure, and intermediate-term bonds. Although a rate hike is not on the near-term horizon, longer-term rates should move up.
Hybrid	Overweight: We believe that exposure to these alternative asset classes can accentuate return, reduce risk, and mitigate volatility. Our Hybrid category contains hedge funds, utilities, real estate, and hard assets; these asset classes perform differently than a core portfolio allocation. Overweight Hybrids in an attempt to hedge inflation while controlling volatility and offset portfolio exposure to interest rate fluctuations.
Domestic Equity	Overweight: Within Domestic Equity, we are overweight Large Cap stocks with the potential to increase dividend payouts. Equity valuations are very attractive.
International Equity	Overweight: Superior growth and continued financing of the developed world's debt should result in the Emerging Markets category capturing a larger piece of the world index. The Emerging Market asset class has sold off dramatically. Given the solid balance sheets, attractive valuations, and superior growth, Emerging Markets should recover. We currently suggest 30-40% of a portfolio's international exposure be dedicated to Emerging Markets. We like certain high-quality Japanese equities.



Positioning Portfolios for the Business Cycle – Underweight Risky Assets Commodity Underperformance Commodity Outperformance **Bonds/Equities** Underperform Low unemployment rate Rising short-term rates Rapid rise in M2 **Materials Staples Utilities** Energy Equities Outperform **Technology & Transports** • We are in the later **Small Caps** stages of a recovery **Cyclicals Expansion** High Beta, Low Quality **Financials** Contraction **Consumer Cyclical** • Valuations are already pricing in a contraction **Risky Assets Increasing unemployment** Widening of spreads High dividend yield **Cycle Trough**



Market Looks Ready to Bounce

S&P	500 -	Price	Index
-----	-------	--------------	-------

Year	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Annual		
2011	5.42%	-0.39%	-14.33%				
2010	4.87%	-11.86%	10.72%	10.20%	12.78%		
2009	-11.67%	15.22%	14.98%	5.49%	23.45%		
2008	-9.92%	-3.23%	-8.88%	-22.56%	-38.49%		
2007	0.18%	5.81%	1.56%	-3.82%	3.53%		
2006	3.73%	-1.90%	5.17%	6.17%	13.62%		
2005	-2.58%	0.91%	3.15%	1.59%	3.00%		
2004	1.29%	1.30%	-2.30%	8.73%	8.99%		
2003	-3.60%	14.89%	2.20%	11.64%	26.38%		
2002	-0.06%	-13.73%	-17.63%	7.92%	-23.37%		
2001	-12.11%	5.52%	-14.99%	10.29%	-13.04%		
2000	2.00%	-2.93%	-1.24%	-8.09%	-10.14%		
1999	4.65%	6.71%	-6.56%	14.54%	19.53%		
1998	13.53%	2.91%	-10.30%	20.87%	26.67%		
1997	2.21%	16.91%	7.02%	2.44%	31.01%		
1996	4.80%	3.89%	2.49%	7.77%	20.26%		
1995	9.02%	8.80%	7.28%	5.39%	34.11%		
1994	-4.43%	-0.34%	4.15%	-0.74%	-1.54%		
1993	3.66%	-0.25%	1.86%	1.64%	7.06%		
1992	-3.21%	1.10%	2.37%	4.29%	4.46%		
1991	13.63%	-1.08%	4.50%	7.54%	26.31%		
1990	-3.81%	5.32%	-14.52%	7.90%	-6.56%		
1989	6.18%	7.84%	9.80%	1.22%	27.25%		
1988	4.78%	5.64%	-0.58%	2.14%	12.40%		
1987	20.45%	4.22%	5.87%	-23.23%	2.03%		
1986	13.07%	5.00%	-7.78%	4.69%	14.62%		
1985	8.02%	6.19%	-5.09%	16.04%	26.33%		
1984	-3.49%	-3.77%	8.43%	0.69%	1.40%		
1983	8.76%	9.90%	-1.21%	-0.69%	17.27%		
1982	-8.64%	-2.10%	9.86%	16.79%	14.76%		
1981	0.18%	-3.52%	-11.45%	5.48%	-9.73%		
1980	-5.42%	11.90%	9.82%	8.21%	25.77%		
1979	5.61%	1.39%	6.23%	-1.26%	12.31%		
1978	-6.19%	7.08%	7.34%	-6.27%	1.06%		
1977	-8.41%	2.09%	-3.93%	-1.48%	-11.50%		
1976	13.95%	1.47%	0.92%	2.11%	19.15%		
1975	21.59%	14.19%	-11.89%	7.54%	31.55%		
1974	-3.66%	-8.49%	-26.12%	7.90%	-29.72%		
1973	-5,53%	-6.51%	4.00%	-10.03%	-17.37%		
1972	5.15%	-0.06%	3.18%	6.78%	15.79%		
1971	9.03%	-0.61%	-1.36%	3.67%	10.82%		
1970	-2.64%	-18.87%	15.80%	9.25%	-0.07%		
1710	2.07%	2.12%	0.07%	3.63%	8.10%		

S&P 500 - Price Index									
Year	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Annual				
Average	2.07%	2.12%	0.07%	3.63%	8.10%				



• 76% of the time the market was down in 3Q, it was followed by a positive 4Q

- Since 1979, the last quarter of the year has been the strongest, with November and December typically up the most with gains of **3.4%** and **2.7%**, respectively (*Source: J.P. Morgan*)
- The historical probabilities of closing up for these months have been among the highest at 66% for November and 78% for December (*Source: J.P. Morgan*)

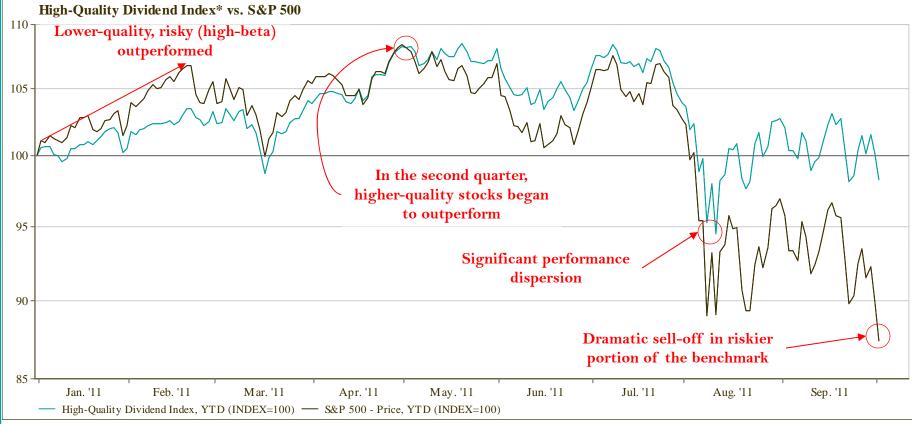
Source: FactSet Research Systems, Inc. - Rinehart Wealth Management

Defensive Assets Dramatically Outperform – Our Positioning Has Helped Buffer Portfolios

S&P Sector Annualized Returns				S&P Sector Trailing 3-Month Relative Performance										
Sectors	2007	2008	2009	2010	YTD	1/30/2011	2/28/2011	3/30/2011	4/30/2011	5/30/2011	6/30/2011	7/30/2011	8/30/2011	9/30/2011
Defensives											Utilities	s Continu	e to Outp	erform
Utilities	15.81%	-31.55%	6.80%	0.86%	7.17%	-7.62%	-7.40%	-3.69%	-2.34%	4.81%	5.28%	5.25%	8.91%	14.76%
Telecom	8.45%	-33.62%	2.63%	12.30%	-5.22%	-5.93%	-6.61%	-1.73%	1.68%	7.61%	1.37%	-1.30%	1.75%	5.15%
Health Care	5.39%	-24.48%	17.07%	0.71%	0.81%	-6.99%	- 5.11%	-0.69%	4.62%	9.40%	7.83%		1.91%	3.81%
Staples	11.60%	-17.65%	11.20%	10.67%	1.03%	R-6.73%	-7.93%	-3.60%	1.66%	7.37%	G 4.82%	3.04%	5.36%	9.39%
Near Cyclicals						Ale	-7.93%			R.RISK	4.82%			
Energy	32.38%	-35.93%	11.29%	17.86%	-12.62%	11.93%	18.50%	11.05%	5.93%	-3.06%	-4.82%	-0.62%	-1.99%	-6.53%
Financials	-20.84%	-56.95%	14.80%	10.83%	-25.94%	3.61%	5.06%	-2.16%	-5.95%	-7.36%	-6.11%	-4.43%	-6.93%	-8.79%
Cyclicals										W	e have bee	en underw	eight Fir	ancials
Technology	15.54%	-43.68%	59.92%	9.13%	-6.52%	-0.94%	-2.20%	-2.31%	-4.21%	-3.85%	-1.29%	2.33%	3.06%	6.37%
Discretionary	-14.32%	-34.73%	38.76%	25.72%	-6.77%	-2.32%	-3.31%	-1.09%	2.46%	1.89%	3.25%	2.99%	1.78%	1.00%
Industrials	9.83%	-41.52%	17.27%	23.92%	-16.11%	4.21%	2.40%	2.33%	0.74%	0.01%	-0.28%	-5.32%	-4.91%	-7.18%
Materials	19.99%	-47.05%	45.23%	19.92%	-22.98%	2.41%	1.69%	-1.87%	1.22%	-0.11%	-0.39%	-1.41%	-0.86%	-10.63%
S&P 500	3.53%	-38.49%	23.45%	12.78%	-10.04%	7.82%	11.59%	5.60%	6.84%	0.85%	-0.57%	-5.23%	-8.88%	-14.33%

 $Source: FactSet\ Research\ Systems,\ Inc.\ -\ Rinehart\ Wealth\ Management$





^{*}Index Parameters: S&P 500, Stock Price >\$10, Dividend Yield >2%, Beta <1.0, Return-on-Equity (ROE) >10%, Debt-to-Capital <75% Source:: FactSet Research Systems, Inc. – Rinehart Wealth Management

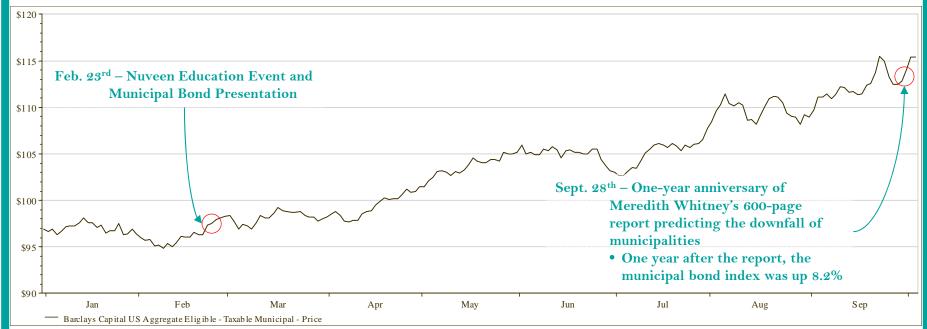
Proprietary basket of high-quality S&P 500 constituents delivered outperformance

The biggest factor contributing to the performance differential was lower beta



Portfolios are underweight beta

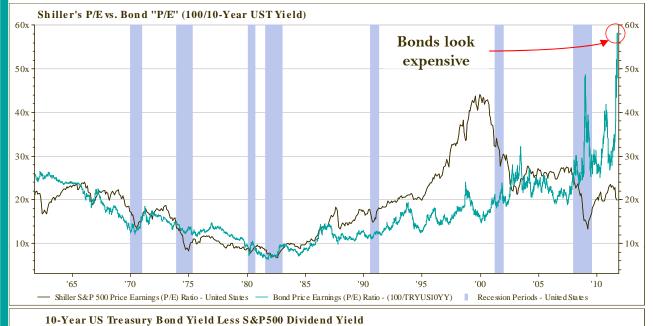
After A Rocky Start, Municipal Bond Performance Has Been Solid



Source: FactSet Research Systems, Inc. - Rinehart Wealth Management

	Federal Mo	dicaid as a % of %	Chango in Tay	Tax-Backed Debt	Funded % of State	Troubled	***	June
	Spending as a %	Outlays	Receipts**	as a % of State	Pensions Pensions	Mortgages		Unemployment
AAA	of State GDP*	<i>J</i>		GDP				Rate %
Delaware	10.6%	14.0%	4.8%	6.4%	94.0%		7.2%	8.0%
Florida	20.1%	28.0%	4.2%	3.9%	84.0%		19.0%	10.6%
Georgia	18.6%	20.0%	7.5%	2.8%	87.0%		8.1%	9.9%
Indiana	20.7%	23.0%	9.9%	1.9%	67.0%	High	8.3%	8.3%
Iowa	17.5%	18.0%	8.7%	2.2%	81.0%	funded	4.8%	6.0%
Maryland	28.5%	20.0%	8.0%	3.2%	65.0%	status	8.3%	7.0%
Minnesota	14.5%	22.0%	10.4%	6.9%	77.0%	1	5.0%	6.7%
Missouri	25.5%	33.0%	7.2%	2.0%	79.0%		4.9%	8.8%
North Carolina	17.6%	37.0%	2.7%	1.8%	97.0%		5.9%	9.9%
Utah	15.5%	14.0%	8.8%	6.9%	86.0%		6.0%	7.4%
Virginia	29.8%	16.0%	14.7%	2.7%	80.0%		4.4%	6.0%
Wyoming	17.1%	7.0%	14.6%	0.1%		*** Includes For	2.9%	5.9%
	* FY 2008							
Source: Barron's - Ian	ney Capital Marketsts; Evercore;	II S Concue Burgan	North Carolina	ranks as one of tl	ne most attractive		eriously	
Source: Darron s – Jan	ney Capitai Marketsts; Evercore;	U.S. Census Bureau	Troff Curoffia	Tallie as one of the	io most attractive	Delir	nquent"	11





Fear-based selling of equities and aggressive treasury purchases have bonds looking extremely **OVERVALUED**

Bonds are overpriced relative to dividendyielding equities

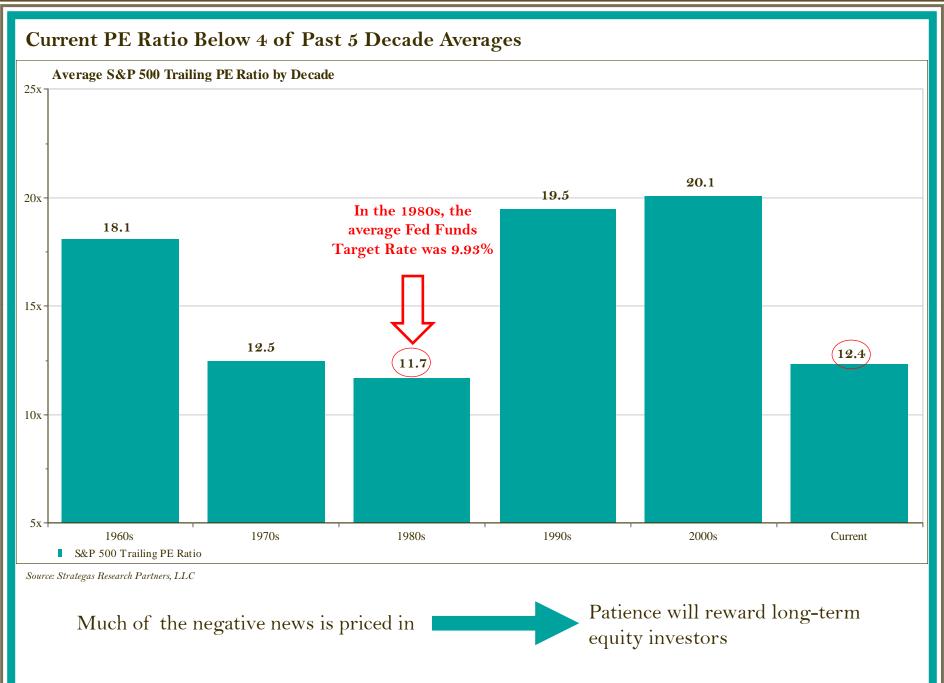
- 5.0%

The last time this was negative was during the recession

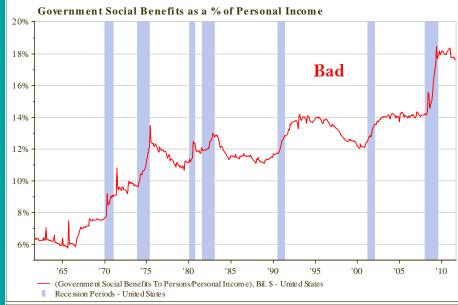
2.0%
1.0%
-1.0%
-2.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1.0%
-1

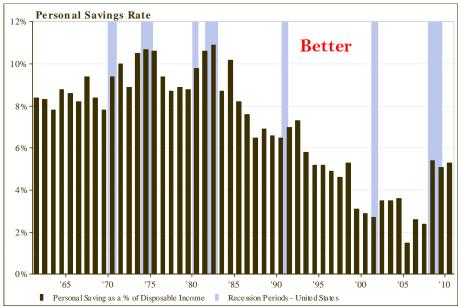
Source: Strategas Research Partners, LLC & FactSet Research Systems, Inc.. - Rinehart Wealth Management

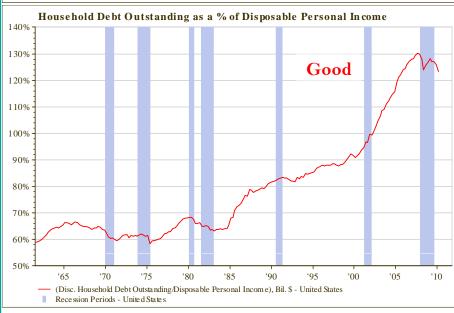
5.0%

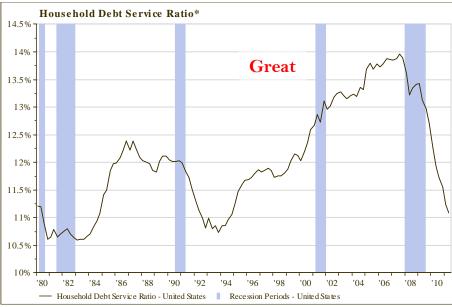


Consumer Data is Mixed But Improving







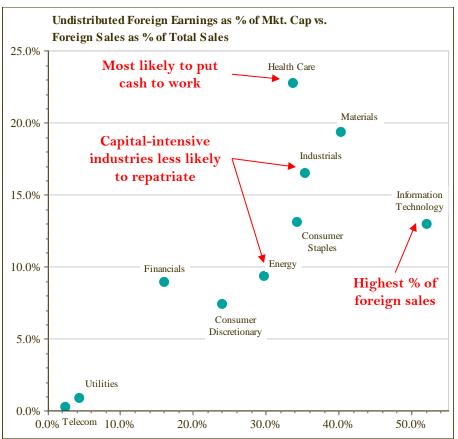


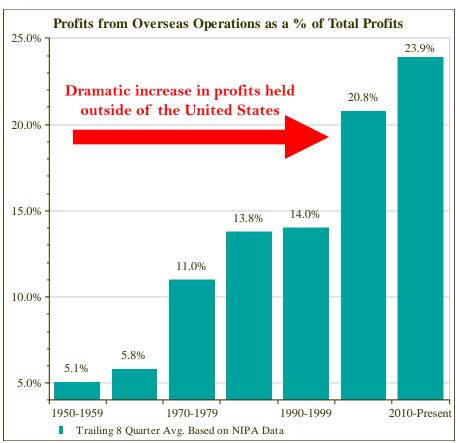
Source: FactSet Research Systems, Inc. - Rinehart Wealth Management

* Household Debt Service Ratio = Debt payments as a % of disposable personal income

Repatriation Could Further Benefit our High-Quality, High Dividend Strategy

- Estimated \$1.4 trillion in foreign, undistributed earnings (Source: Dane Mott, J.P. Morgan)
- 5.25% proposed rate vs. 35% current, potentially included in debt ceiling package
- Information Technology & Health Care stocks could increase dividends and consequently outperform





Source: J.P. Morgan, from "Accounting Issues: Undistributed Foreign Earnings..." Dane Mott, 5/24/2001, J.P. Morgan Equity Research, FactSet Research Systems, Inc., and Rinehart Wealth Management

Rinehart Wealth Management

Greater Trust

We would like to thank you all for joining and participating in our Quarterly Economic Overview Webinar today. We really appreciate your time and hope that you found it both interesting and informative.

If you have any further questions or would like any additional information regarding what we covered in today's presentation, please contact your Financial Advisor.

Rinehart Wealth Management 521 East Morehead Street, Suite 580 • Charlotte, NC 28202

Phone: (704) 374-0646 Fax: (704) 377-0746

Email: rinehart@rinehartwealthmanagement.com

www.rinehartwealthmanagement.com

Everything we've discussed in this webinar represents the opinions of Rinehart Wealth Management, and should not be construed as a suggestion to buy or sell any specific investment. All information contained is believed to be from reliable sources, but we make no representation as to its completeness or accuracy. All economic and performance data is historical and not indicative of future results. Past performance does not guarantee future returns. Circular 230 Notice: To comply with requirements imposed by the US Treasury Department, any information regarding any US federal tax matters contained in this communication is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, as advice for the purpose of (i) avoiding penalties under the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) promoting, marketing or recommending to another party any transaction or matter addressed herein.